### Guidelines for Prescribing Controlled Psychotropic Medications to Patients with Substance Use

#### **Purpose:**

The following guideline was developed to provide physicians a framework for prescribing controlled psychotropic medications to patients with active or previous substance use. The recommendations are based on:

- American Psychiatric Association Practice Guidelines for Treatment of Substance Use Disorder, the California Medical Board and an extensive literature review including Drug Abuse Warning Network Data (DAWN report).
- Consideration of factors unique to child and adolescent psychiatric patient population.

The guideline was discussed and approved by the county psychiatrists and the contract agency medical directors.

#### **General Considerations:\***

- \* The Child and Adolescent Psychiatry is excluded from this guideline pending further data collection and literature review.
- I. In patients who meet the DSM4 TR minimum criteria for abuse/dependence or have history of abuse or dependence, certain restrictions are applied to prescribing controlled medications; a higher level of restriction is applied for patients who meet the criteria verses those who have a history of abuse or dependence.
- II. Although caffeine and nicotine are addictive substances; for the purposes of this guideline they are excluded. However, smoking cessation should be aggressively pursued and the discussion routinely documented.
- III. Different strategies are applied to patients currently on controlled medications compared to new starts.
- IV. Substance-induced symptoms should initially be treated with non-controlled medications.
- V. For patients with substance use history, substance relapse should always be considered when symptom onset or exacerbation is noted; order routine or random toxicology screen as index of suspicion rises.
- VI. An "adequate trial" of an approved medication consists of 4-8 weeks duration of adequate dose, with treatment response fully documented.
- VII. Refused or missed urine toxicology screens should be deemed as positive results; therefore, patient considered to be actively using. (Patient should be informed of this agreement prior to requesting screens and the discussion documented).

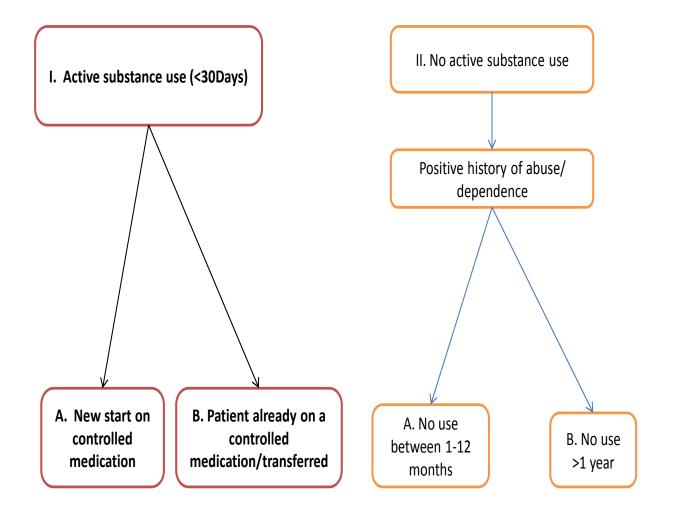
- VIII. Document psychoeducation regarding potential drug-drug, drug-disease interactions.
- IX. Document referral to a substance abuse program (i.e. Gateway, Outpatient Groups).
- X. Schedule II medications are not refillable, and cannot be dispensed in partial amounts. Separate RXs may be written with the fill date specified.
- XI. When limiting RX supply, indicate "no early refills" on the PRESCRIPTION.
- XII. CURES report should be run when suspecting controlled medication misuse.

#### **Attachments:**

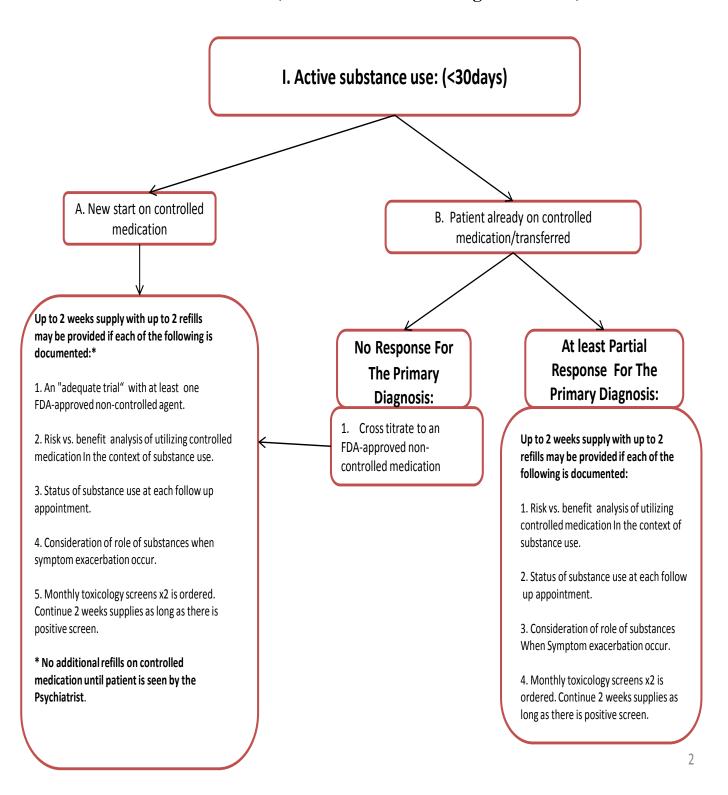
Attachment 1: Flow Diagram Attachment 2: References

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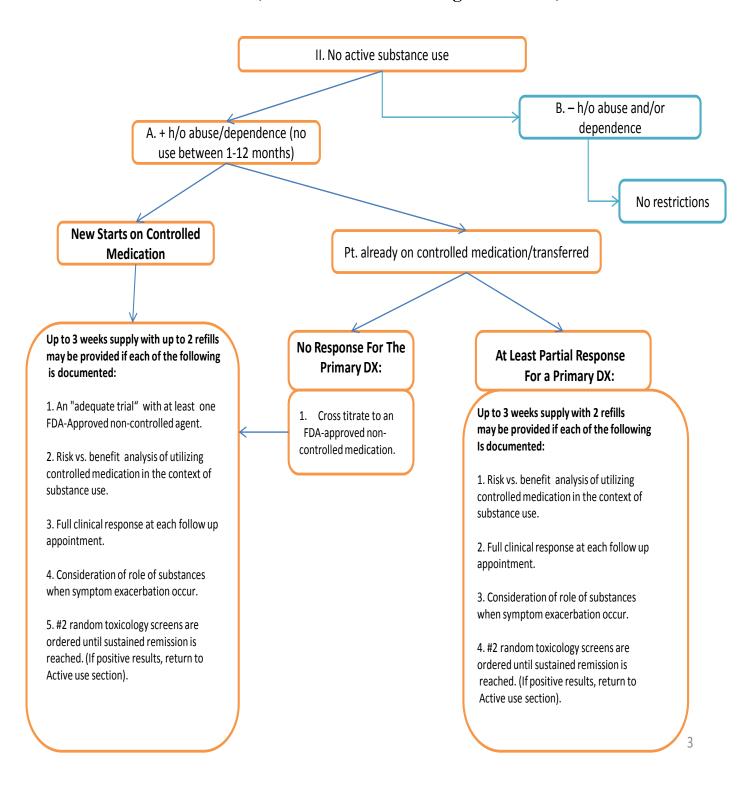
(Attachment 1: Flow Diagram)



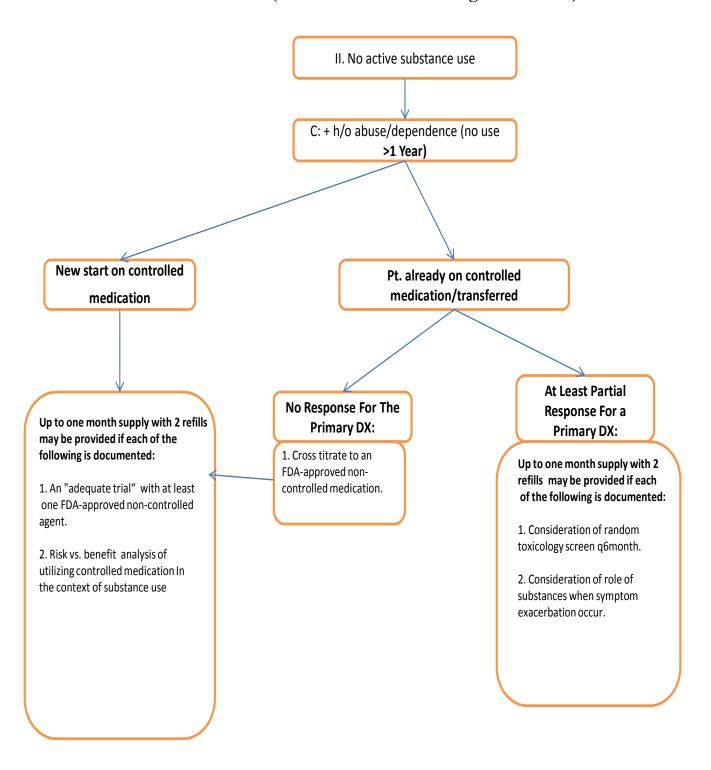
## Guidelines for Prescribing Controlled Psychotropic Medications to Patients with Substance Use (Attachment 1: Flow Diagram Cont'd)



## Guidelines for Prescribing Controlled Psychotropic Medications to Patients with Substance Use (Attachment 1: Flow Diagram Cont'd)



# Guidelines for Prescribing Controlled Psychotropic Medications to Patients with Substance Use (Attachment 1: Flow Diagram Cont'd)



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### References: (Attachment 2)

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Attachment 2

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